## Maths Parent Workshop

Addition

Wednesday 29<sup>th</sup> April 2015 Mr Clark and Mr Smith

# Objectives

#### Today we will:

- Give you an introduction to the new Maths curriculum.
- Show you the process of how addition is taught at Park through the new calculation policy for each year group.
- Also give you an introduction to the new Maths Targets.

#### The new curriculum

From September 2014 Park Primary has been teaching in line with the new Maths curriculum, below are some of the more significant changes.

- There is higher expectation overall pupils will be benchmarked against age-related expectations.
- There are earlier and more challenging requirements for multiplication tables, which have been increased to 12x12.
- The curriculum has clear expectations around written methods in addition to mental methods.
- Probability has been removed from the primary curriculum.
- There is an earlier and more challenging requirement for fractions and decimals.

## Our Calculation Policy

Teachers at Park teach addition from our calculation policy.

In here it clearly states the different stages of each of the four operations.

Calculation Policy
Park Primary School



This can be found on our website.

http://www.park.newham.sch.uk/maths.html

(Aligned with the 2014 National Curriculum)

# Early Years

#### Addition - Early Stages (EYFS)

Children will engage in a wide variety of songs and rhymes, games and activities. They will begin to relate addition to combining two groups of objects, first by counting all and then by counting on from the largest number.

They will find one more than a given number.

In practical activities and through discussion they will begin to use the vocabulary involved in addition









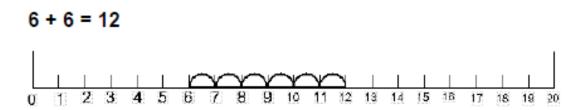






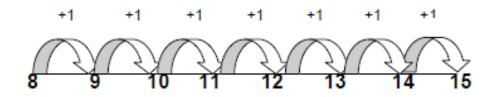


'You have five apples and I have three apples. How many apples altogether?'



Children will use a marked number line.

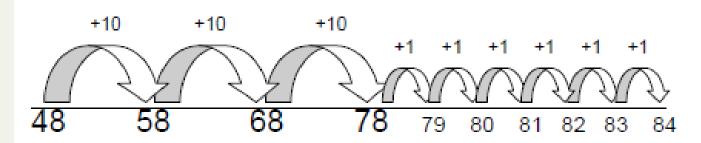
'Put your finger on number six and count on six.'



When confident children will then move onto an unmarked number line.

Children will use an unmarked number line.

When confident children will then move onto making more efficient jumps.



Use in conjunction with a 100 square to show jumps of tens and ones.

Also use the partitioning method to add two two-digit numbers:

$$40 + 20 = 60$$
  
 $3 + 5 = 8$   
 $60 + 8 = 68$ 

Children will then move onto partitioning.

Children will introduced to the expanded written method.

$$63 + 32 = 95$$

$$60 + 3$$
  
+  $30 + 2$   
 $90 + 5 = 95$ 

'Partition the numbers into tens and ones/units. Add the tens together and then add the ones/units together. Recombine to give the answer.'

Then...

Add the least significant digits (units) together first and then the tens in preparation for the formal written method.

$$176 + 147 = 323$$

Key term - carry

Children will then be introduced to the formal written method.

Starting with two-digit add two-digit, then moving onto three digit and beyond.

Use the formal written method for the addition of decimal numbers:

Continue to use the language of place value to ensure understanding.

Ensure that the decimal points line up.

Key term - carry

No objectives have been included in the programmes of study explicitly related to written methods for addition in Y6.

However, there is an expectation that children will continue to practise and use the formal written method for larger numbers and decimals and use these methods when solving problems.

Our aim is that by the end of Y6, children use mental methods when appropriate, but for calculations that they cannot do in their heads, they use an efficient formal written method accurately and with confidence.

# Maths Targets

These targets will go home on Friday

They will show three targets for each half term, and are age appropriate in line with the new Curriculum.

The targets are for:

- Emerging
- Expected
- Exceeding

